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April 6, 1999

Box Patent Applications
Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, DC 20231

jc135 U.S. PTO
09/286522
04/06/99

SUBJECT: A DISARMABLE FIRING MODULE EGG-151J

Dear Sir:

Enclosed is a patent application including formal papers as follows:

Applicant: Neyer et al.

Title: A Disarmable Firing Module

No. Pages Specification: 12; Claims: 5; Informal Drawings: 3; and a Declaration and Power of Attorney.

Filing Fee Calculation

Basic Fee: \$ 760.00

Additional Fees:

Total number of claims in excess
of 20: 0 x \$18.00 ✓ \$ 0.00

Number of independent claims in
excess of 3: 1 x \$78.00 ✓ \$ 78.00

TOTAL FILING FEE: \$ 838.00

EXPRESS MAIL CERTIFICATE NO. EL342390910US

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Assistant Commissioner for Patents
April 6, 1999
Page 2

A check in the amount of 838.00 for the filing fee is enclosed. If any payment during prosecution is found to be incorrect, please charge any deficiency or credit any overpayment to my Deposit Account 09-0002. A copy of this letter is enclosed for use by the Finance Branch in the event that it is necessary to make any charge or credit to my deposit account.

If for any reason this APPLICATION is found to be incomplete, or if at any time it appears that a telephone conference with counsel would help advance prosecution, please telephone the undersigned collect in Waltham, Massachusetts, (781) 890-5678.

In addition, pursuant to Rule 1.136(a)(3), the office is hereby authorized to treat any future reply requiring an extension of time as incorporating a request therefor. Also, any request or Petition for an Extension of time notwithstanding an inadvertent reference in the Petition to a shorter period of time is to be treated as requesting the appropriate length of time.

Kindly acknowledge receipt of the foregoing by returning the enclosed self-addressed postcard.

Very truly yours,



Kirk Teska
Reg. No. 36,291

KT:nm
Enclosures

553040 "2393260

APPLICATION

FOR

UNITED STATES LETTERS PATENT

Be it known that I, Barry T. Neyer, residing at 7275 Willowood Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio 45241-3703; John T. Adams, 2118 Sheffield Street, Bellbrook, Ohio 45305; T. Andrew Demana, 838 Twin Oaks Drive, Dayton, Ohio 45431; James C. Edwards, 7012 Dalewood Drive, Middletown, Ohio 45042; Daniel R. Knick, 6161 Veronica Place, Dayton, Ohio 45459; and Robert J. Tomasoski, 938 Indigo Creek Circle, Centerville, Ohio 45458, and all being citizens of the United States, have invented a certain new and useful

A DISARMABLE FIRING MODULE

of which the following is a specification:

Applicant: Neyer et al.
For: A Disarmable Firing Module

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ABSTRACT OF DISCLOSURE

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A disarmable firing module with a firing module housing having an opening therein; a detonator holder received in the firing module housing via the opening in the firing module housing, the detonator holder including a cavity therein; a detonator disposed in the cavity of the detonator holder; and a detonator electronics assembly housed within the firing module housing. The detonator holder is removably secured within the housing which allows the detonator to be separated from the detonator electronics assembly to disarm the firing module.

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Applicant: Neyer et al.
For: A Disarmable Firing Module

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FIELD OF INVENTION

This invention relates to firing module for detonating explosives, the firing module including a unique insertable and removable detonator which renders the firing module inert for handling, transportation, testing, and demilitarization.

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BACKGROUND OF INVENTION

Firing modules used in military weapon and other systems typically include an electronics assembly secured within a housing and a detonator permanently electrically connected to the electronics assembly and permanently potted within the housing. The firing module is inserted into a bulkhead containing a primary explosive and when the electronics assembly is activated it fires the detonator causing the primary explosive to explode.

Firing modules of the prior art are assembled and once completed they are active due to the presence of the detonator and therefore must be handled and transported with extreme caution. In addition, the only way to test the electronics assembly is to initiate detonation which destroys the firing module. Therefore, in the prior art, only a small percentage of a given lot of firing modules could be tested. Moreover, to demilitarize weapon systems including prior art firing modules, the firing modules must be destroyed using special precautions due to the presence of the detonator. Because the detonator is permanently connected to the electronics assembly, the electronics assembly cannot be

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scrapped or reworked like other electronic assemblies adding significantly to the cost of the demilitarizing such weapons systems. The high cost of demilitarizing weapons systems is currently a significant factor in the design of new weapons systems.

SUMMARY OF INVENTION

5 It is therefore an object of this invention to provide a firing module with an insertable and removable detonator.

It is a further object of this invention to provide such a firing module which can be easily disarmed and rendered inert for handling and shipping.

It is a further object of this invention to provide such a firing module which can be completely tested in a nondestructive fashion.

It is a further object of this invention to provide such a firing module which can be mass produced, rendered inert for handling, transportation and complete testing and then easily re-assembled for use.

It is a further object of this invention to provide such a firing module which is simple in design, easy to manufacture, and which adds little to the cost of manufacturing the firing module.

It is a further object of this invention to provide a firing module which can be demilitarized in a cost effective manner.

20 This invention results from the realization that a firing module can be more safely handled, transported and demilitarized, and also fully tested without activating the detonator by constructing a detonator holder for the detonator and by adding fasteners to the detonator electronics assembly which allow the detonator holder to be secured to the electronics assembly but also separated from the electronics assembly and removed from

the firing module housing to nondestructively test the electronics assembly and render the firing module inert for handling, shipping, and demilitarization.

This invention features a disarmable firing module comprising a firing module housing with an opening therein; a detonator holder received in the firing module housing via the opening in the firing module housing, the detonator holder including a cavity therein; a detonator disposed in the cavity of the detonator holder; a detonator electronics assembly housed within the firing module housing; and means for removably securing the detonator holder within the housing to separate the detonator from the detonator electronics assembly and thereby disarm the firing module.

The means for removably securing may include a pair of studs upstanding from the electronic assembly and a pair of orifices through the detonator holder for receiving the studs. The detonator holder orifices preferably include a shouldered portion providing a seat for fasteners positioned on the studs. The detonator electronics assembly may include a circuit card having electrical contacts thereon for initiating the detonator, the means for removably securing including at least one fastener on the circuit card which properly positions the detonator on the electrical contacts.

The disarmable firing module of this invention features a firing module housing; a detonator electronics assembly disposed within the firing module housing; a detonator; and means for removably coupling the detonator with respect to the detonator electronics assembly. Such means may include a detonator holder at least partially enclosing the detonator, an opening in the firing module housing for receiving the detonator holder, and at least one fastener securing the detonator holder within the housing and for coupling the detonator to the electronics assembly.

More broadly, the invention comprises a disarmable firing module with a firing module housing; a detonator; an electronics assembly within the housing for activating the detonator; and means for disarming the firing module and rendering it inert.

5 The means for disarming preferably includes means for separating the detonator from the electronics assembly such as a detonator holder disposed at least partially about the detonator, the detonator holder receivable within the firing module housing, and at least one fastener for removably securing the detonator holder to the electronics assembly.

Another aspect of the disarmable firing module of this invention is that it covers the combination of a firing module housing; an electronics assembly within the housing for activating a detonator; and a detonator electrically coupled to the electronics assembly when the firing module is active and removable from the electronics assembly to render the firing module inert. In this way, the firing module can be completely tested, handled, and transported in the inert condition. To activate the firing module, the detonator is inserted into the housing and electrically coupled to the electronics assembly. At any time, the firing module can be removed from the weapon system, the detonator removed from the housing, and the electronics assembly tested while the firing module is inert to thereby effect periodic non-destructive testing of the module. The detonator can then be re-inserted into the firing module and the firing module put back in service. Later, to demilitarize the firing module, the detonator is once again removed from the electronics assembly which can then be scrapped or reworked the same manner as other military electronic subassemblies.

DISCLOSURE OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Other objects, features and advantages will occur to those skilled in the art from the following description of a preferred embodiment and the accompanying drawings, in which:

5 Fig. 1 is a three dimension diagrammatic view of the firing module of the subject invention;

 Fig. 2 is a three dimensional diagrammatic view of the detonator holder portion of the firing module shown in Fig. 1;

 Fig. 3 is a three dimensional diagrammatic view of the firing module of the subject invention with the detonator removed;

 Fig. 4 is a three dimensional diagrammatic view of the electronics assembly of the firing module of the subject invention;

 Fig. 5 is a bottom plan view of the detonator holder shown in Fig. 2;

 Fig. 6 is a three dimensional diagrammatic view of one portion of the firing module housing of the subject invention;

 Fig. 7 is a three dimensional diagrammatic view of the firing module housing shown in Fig. 6;

 Fig. 8 is a three dimensional diagrammatic view of the bottom plate of the firing module housing of the subject invention;

20 Fig. 9 is a three dimensional diagrammatic view of the detonator holder shown in Fig. 2 with the detonator removed;

 Fig. 10 is a front sectional view of the detonator holder shown in Fig. 9; and

 Fig. 11 is an exploded three dimensional schematic view of one type of detonator

used in accordance with the subject invention.

Disarmable firing module 10, Fig. 1 of this invention includes firing module housing 12, opening 14 in top plate 16 of housing 12, and detonator holder 18 removably received in housing 12 through opening 14 as shown.

Detonator holder 18 itself includes cavity 20 (shown more clearly in Fig. 9) therein which receives detonator 22 as shown in Fig. 1 and 2.

Also within housing 12 is detonator electronics assembly 24, Figs. 3 and 4. The invention features separate detonator holder 18 and some means to removably secure holder 18 in housing 12 but also to separate detonator 22 with respect to electronics assembly 24 to render module 10 inert for handling, shipping, and nondestructive testing in a way not possible in the prior art.

In the preferred embodiment, such means include studs 30 and 32, Fig. 3 upstanding from the circuit card of electronics assembly 24. Detonator holder 18 includes orifices 34 and 36, Fig. 2 which receive studs 30 and 32 to bring contacts 38 of detonator 22 to mate with contacts 40 of electronics assembly 24. To that end, fasteners 50 and 52, Fig. 1, for example, nuts, are threaded onto studs 30 and 32 to lock detonator holder 18 in place in housing 12.

Therefore, in the configuration shown in Fig. 1, firing module 10 is active because detonator 22 makes electrical contact with electronic assembly 24, Fig. 3.

By simply removing fasteners 50 and 52 Fig. 1, however, detonator holder 18 is easily removed from housing 12 as shown in Figs. 2 and 3 breaking the electrical contact between detonator 22 and electronics assembly 24. In this way, module 10 is disarmed and rendered inert for handling and shipping, for nondestructive testing of electronics

assembly 24, and for demilitarization of module 10 and/or any weapons system of which it is a part.

In the prior art, this was not possible because detonator 22 was permanently potted within the module housing and also permanently attached (e.g. soldered) to the electronics assembly. The result was an always active firing module which could only be handled and transported using specialized precautions and which could not be tested except to fire the detonator which destroyed the module and electronics assembly. Therefore, only a selected small percentage of the firing modules from a given lot could be tested. Moreover, demilitarization of the firing modules required specialized and expensive procedures.

In contrast, each firing module of the subject invention can be nondestructively tested before use or at any other time which is critical in some applications. Also, once detonator holder 18, Fig. 2 is removed from housing 12, Fig. 3, electronics assembly 24 can be demilitarized in a cost effective manner like other inert electronic subassemblies.

The electronic components of firing module electronics assembly 24, Fig. 4 are known in the art and need not be described further here. In the subject invention, one modification includes drilling holes through circuit card 60 and inserting 7/32 inch threaded studs 30 and 32 therein as shown.

Other schemes for rendering detonator 22, Fig. 2 removable with respect to electronic subassembly 24, however, are within the scope of this invention. In fact, the invention broadly covers a firing module housing of any configuration, a detonator electronics assembly housed within the firing module housing, a detonator selected from a number of different types of detonators, and some means for removably inserting the

detonator into or within the housing and electrically coupling the detonator to the electronic subassembly without damaging the firing module or any of its components.

In the preferred embodiment shown in the drawings, studs 30 and 32, Fig. 4 are positioned to precisely align contacts 40 of circuit card 60 with contacts 38 of detonator 22, Fig. 5 when studs 30 and 32 are received in orifices 34 and 36 of detonator holder 18, Fig. 2. This makes activation of the firing module easy in the field. The shape of detonator housing 18, Fig. 2 and the shape of opening 14, Fig. 3 in module housing 12 shown in the drawings, however, are not limitations of the present invention.

Housing 12, Fig. 6 typically includes top plate 16 (in one embodiment 1 1/2 inch in diameter), circular wall 80 (for example 3/4 inches tall), and bottom plate 82, Fig. 8 which seats on bottom surface 84, Fig. 7, of wall 80.

Top plate 16, Figs. 1 and 6 includes threads 84 around the circumference thereof for mating the module with a bulkhead or the like which would include the primary explosive to be detonated by detonator 22, Fig. 1. Orifice 86 in bottom plate 82, Fig. 8 receives electrical wires extending from an electronics assembly 24, Fig. 4.

As shown more clearly in Figs. 9 and 10, detonator holder 18 with stud receiving orifices 34 and 36 includes shouldered portions 90 and 92 which provide a seat for fasteners 50 and 52 respectfully. In this way, the combination of studs 30 and 32, Fig. 4 upstanding from circuit card 60 and nuts 50 and 52 which seat against the shouldered portions 90 and 92 of detonator holder 18 retain the detonator within the housing of the firing module insuring that the detonator is in secure electrical contact with the detonator electronics assembly when it is desired to use the firing module.

Detonator 22, Figs. 1 and 2 is conventional and may include chip slapper 110

residing on support surface 112 of transistor "TO" package base 114. Chip slapper 110 includes chip base 116 made of an insulating material, usually ceramic. Opposing conductive copper lands 118 and 120 deposited on chip base 116 are separated by or joined by a narrow bridge portion upon which flying plate 122 (e.g. a piece of polyimide) is secured. Base 114 also includes header wall 124, flange 126, and lead posts such as post 128 rising above support surface 112. One set of lead posts is positioned adjacent one conductive land of the chip slapper and the other set of lead posts is positioned adjacent the other conductive land as shown. Additional sets of lead posts or pins could be used for other functions such as a four wire measurement of the bridge resistance.

An electrical connection is made between these lead posts and the conductive lands via individual wires such as shown for wire 130. One end of each wire is usually bonded to a lead post and the other end of each wire is bonded to a land as shown.

Explosive charge 132 includes optional metal sleeve 134 housing explosive 136 is then oriented such that there is an exact and proper spacing between flying plate 122 and explosive 136. This is usually accomplished by using mechanical spacer 140 disposed between support surface 112 of base 114 and explosive charge 132. Some designs have the spacer built in to the chip slapper. Transistor can 142 is placed over this assembly and rim 144 of circular enclosure wall 146 is welded to disk shaped flange 126 of base 114.

To initiate detonation, a high amperage electrical current is applied by electronics assembly 24, Fig. 4, via contacts 40 through contacts 38, Fig. 5 of detonator 22 which are in electrical contact with lead posts 128, Fig. 11. The narrow bridge portion between or interconnecting opposing conductive lands 118 and 120 can not withstand the high

amperage current and thus chip slapper 110 bursts and sends flying plate 122 to strike explosive charge 136 which, in turn, explodes thereby detonating the main explosive.

Improvements in this design are delineated in application serial no. 09/009,784 incorporated herein by this reference. But, many different kinds of detonators will work as a subassembly of firing module 10, Fig. 1.

Although specific features of this invention are shown in some drawings and not others, this is for convenience only as each feature may be combined with any or all of the other features in accordance with the invention.

Other embodiments will occur to those skilled in the art and are within the following claims:

What is claimed is:

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Applicant: Neyer et al.
For: A Disarmable Firing Module with Insertable Detonator

1. A disarmable firing module comprising:

a firing module housing with an opening therein;

a detonator holder received in the firing module housing via the opening in the firing module housing, the detonator holder including a cavity therein;

a detonator disposed in the cavity of the detonator holder;

a detonator electronics assembly housed within the firing module housing; and

means for removably securing the detonator holder within the housing to separate the detonator from the detonator electronics assembly and thereby disarm the firing module without damaging it or any of its components.

2. The firing module of claim 1 in which the means for removably securing includes a pair of studs upstanding from the electronic assembly and a pair of orifices through the detonator holder for receiving the studs.

3. The firing module of claim 2 in which the detonator holder orifices include a shouldered portion providing a seat for fasteners positioned on the studs.

1 4. The firing module of claim 1 in which the detonator electronics
2 assembly includes a circuit card having electrical contacts thereon for initiating the
3 detonator, the means for removably securing including at least one fastener on the circuit
4 card which properly positions the detonator on the electrical contacts.

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1 5. A disarmable firing module comprising:
2 a firing module housing;
3 a detonator electronics assembly disposed within the firing
4 module housing;
5 a detonator; and
6 means for removably coupling the detonator with respect to
7 the detonator electronics assembly.

1 6. The firing module of claim 5 in which the means for removably
2 coupling includes a detonator holder at least partially enclosing the detonator, an opening
3 in the firing module housing for receiving the detonator holder, and at least one fastener
4 securing the detonator holder within the housing and for coupling the detonator to the
5 electronic assembly.

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1 7. A disarmable firing module comprising:
2 a firing module housing;
3 a detonator;
4 an electronics assembly within the housing for activating
5 the detonator; and
6 means for disarming the firing module and rendering it
7 inert.

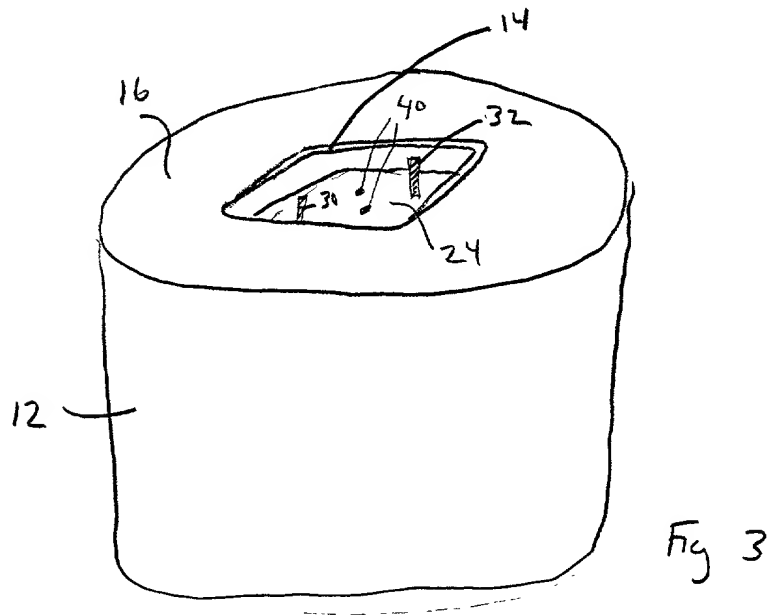
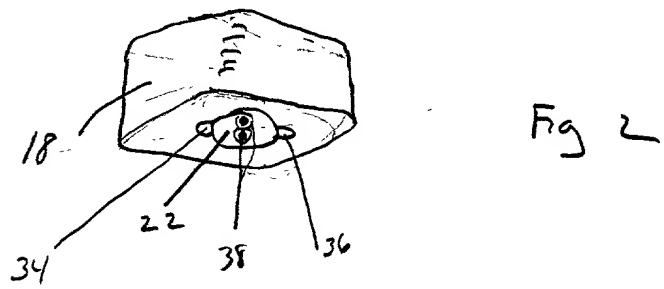
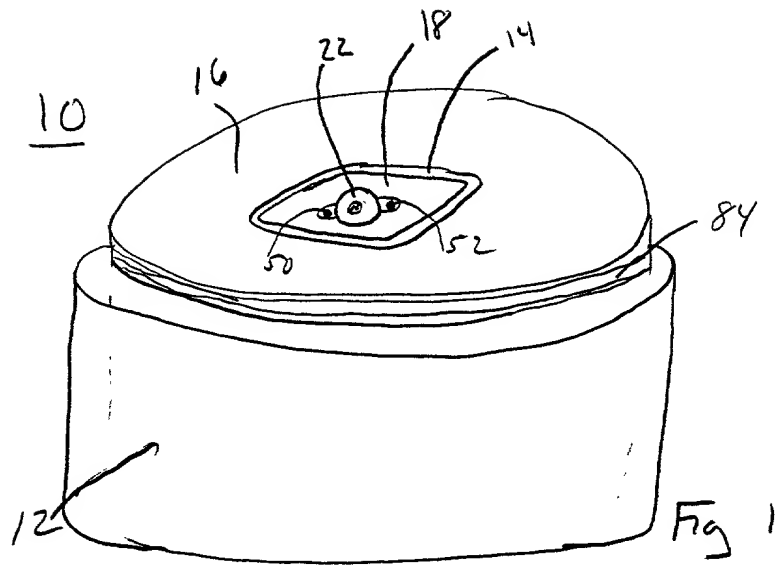
1 8. The firing module of claim 7 in which the means for disarming
2 includes means for separating the detonator from the electronics assembly.

3 9. The firing module of claim 8 in which the means for separating
4 includes a detonator holder disposed at least partially about the detonator, the detonator
5 holder receivable within the firing module housing, and at least one fastener for
6 removably securing the detonator holder to the electronics assembly.

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10. A disarmable firing module comprising:
- a firing module housing;
 - an electronics assembly within the housing for activating a detonator; and
 - a detonator electrically coupled to the electronics assembly when the firing module is active and removable from the electronics assembly to render the firing module inert.

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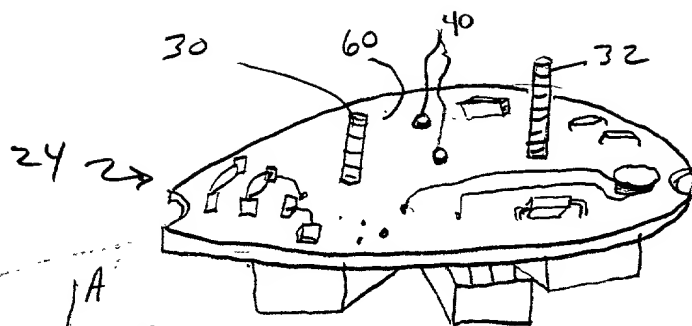


Fig 4

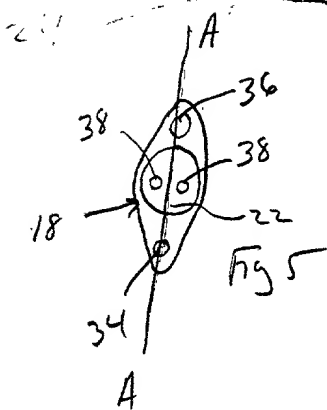


Fig 5

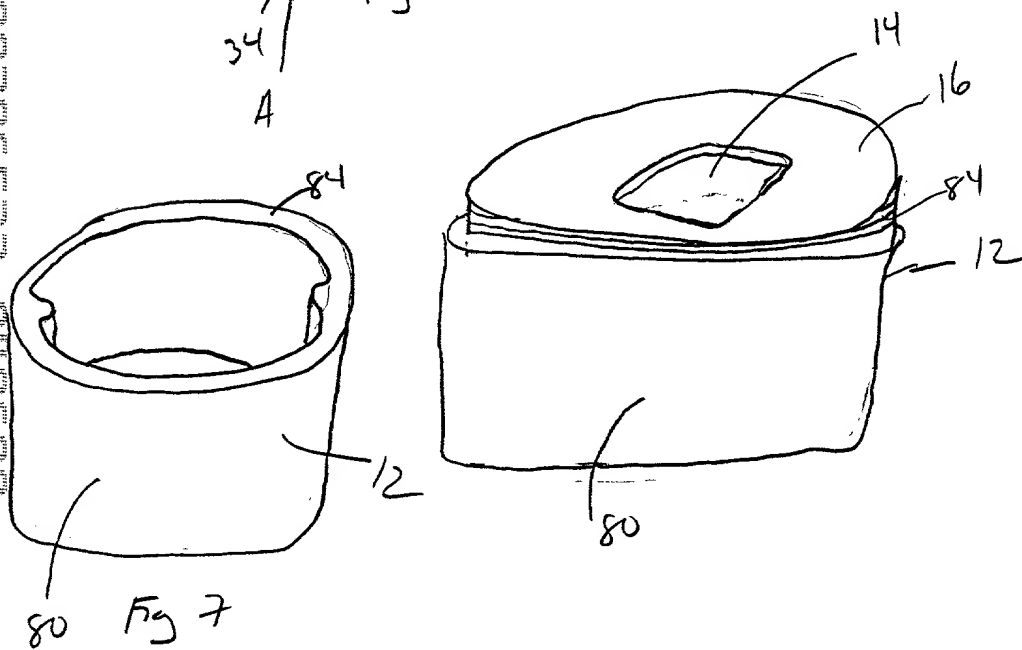


Fig 6

Fig 7

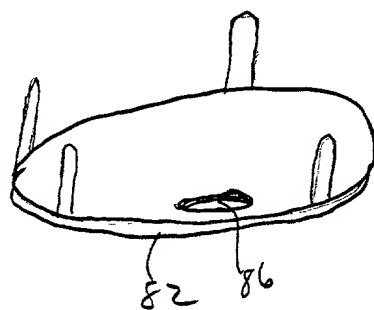
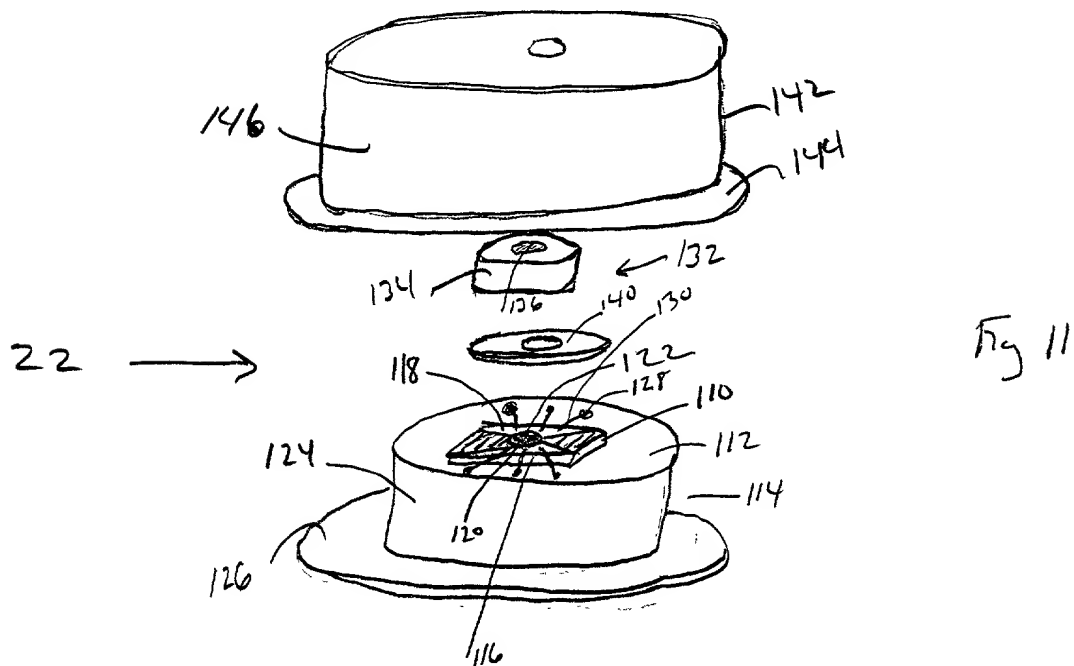
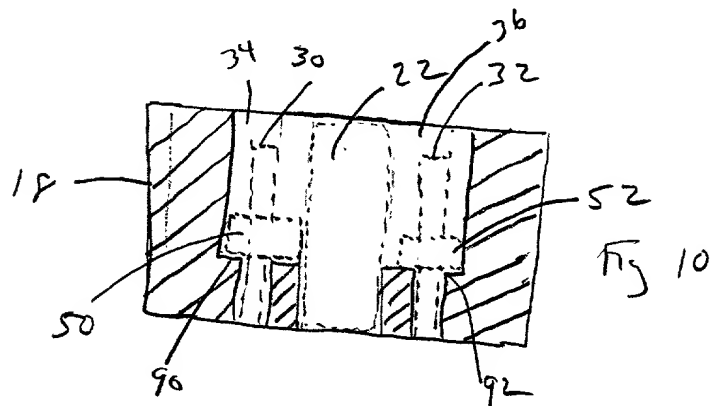
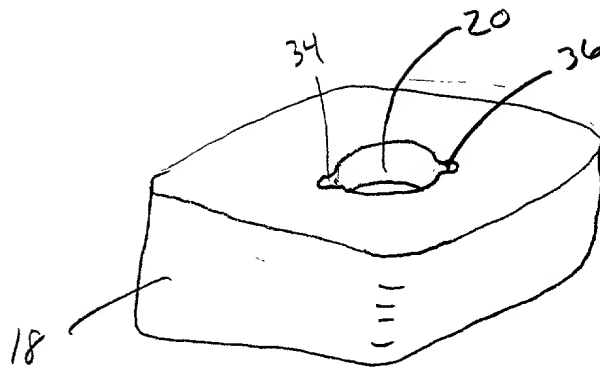


Fig 8



COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
IN ORIGINAL APPLICATION

Attorney Docket No.
EGG-151J

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name; that

I verily believe that I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or a joint inventor (if plural inventors are named below) of the invention entitled: **A DISARMABLE FIRING MODULE** described and claimed in the attached specification, that I understand the content of the attached specification, including the claims, that I do not know and do not believe the same was ever known or used in the United States of America before my or our invention thereof, or patented or described in any printed publication in any country before my or our invention thereof more than one year prior to this application, that the invention has not been patented or made the subject of an inventor's certificate issued before the date of this application in any country foreign to the United States of America on an application filed by me or my legal representatives or assigns more than twelve months prior to this application, that I acknowledge my duty to disclose information of which I am aware which is known to be material to patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.56, and that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment specifically referred to in the oath or declaration, and that no application for patent or inventor's certificate on this invention has been filed in any country foreign to the United States of America prior to this application by me or my legal representatives or assigns, except as follows: **None**.

I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

Joseph S. Iandiorio	Kirk Teska	Brian Colandreo	Erik Fako
Reg. No. 23,095	Reg. No. 36,291	42,427	42,522

Address all telephone calls to Joseph S. Iandiorio or Kirk Teska, at (781) 890-5678.

Address all correspondence to Iandiorio & Teska, 260 Bear Hill Road, Waltham, MA 02451.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereof.

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Inventor's signature
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3/12/99

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Post office address 7012 Dalewood Drive, Middletown, Ohio 45042		
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Post office address 6161 Veronica Place, Dayton, Ohio 45459		
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Full name of 7th inventor	Inventor's signature	Date
Residence		Citizenship
Post office address		
Full name of 8th inventor	Inventor's signature	Date
Residence		Citizenship
Post office address		